

THE EVOLUTION OF BATTERY TECHNOLOGY FOR THE EMERGING GLOBAL ELECTRIC VEHICLE MARKET

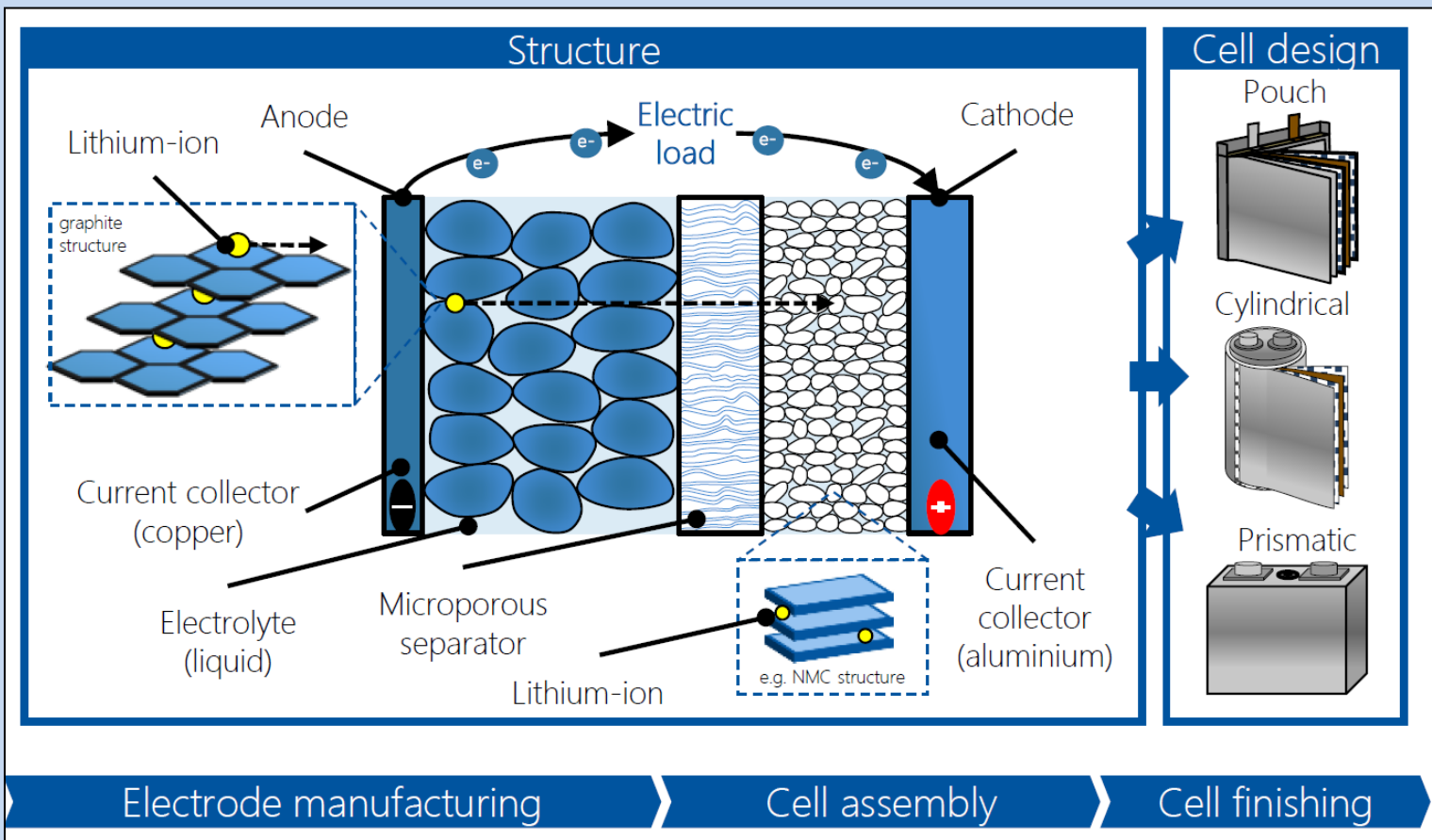
APRIL 2022

CONTEXT: THE GROWTH OF THE LIB CELL MANUFACTURING INDUSTRY TO SUPPORT EV MARKET GROWTH PRESENTS EXPANDING OPPORTUNITIES FOR INDUSTRY SUPPLIERS AND TECHNOLOGY DEVELOPERS AND COVERS A BROAD CROSS SECTION OF CHEMICAL AND ENGINEERING SPECIALTIES WITH NEW REGIONAL OPPORTUNITIES IN NORTH AMERICA AND EUROPE

Prepared for CCN

Ron Turi – Element 3 Battery Venture, LLC

April 13, 2022



EXAMPLE – BYD BLADE CELL AND BATTERY – LFP
96 CM * 9 CM * 1.35 CM
AND VERY FEW COOLING ELEMENTS IN BETWEEN



<https://ibikes.wordpress.com/2021/01/03/blade-cell-to-pack-lfp/>

SIMILAR THEME:
GM ULTIUM WITH LONG THIN POUCH CELLS FROM LG ENERGY SOLUTIONS, WITH COOLING ELEMENTS



<https://www.designnews.com/automotive-engineering/cadillac-lyriq-reveals-new-details-gms-ultium-battery-technology>



<https://www.wardsauto.com/alternative-propulsion/gm-joint-venture-prepping-ohio-battery-plant>

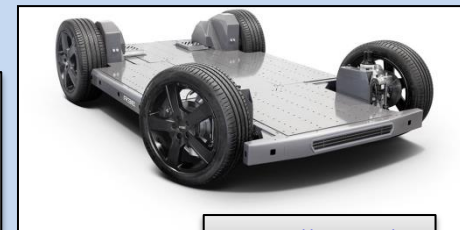


<https://ibikes.wordpress.com/2021/01/03/blade-cell-to-pack-lfp/>

OTHER EV SKATEBOARD

PLATFORMS –

- VW MEB
- HYUNDAI-KIA E-GMP
- VOLVO-GEELY PS3
- REE AUTO
- MORE!

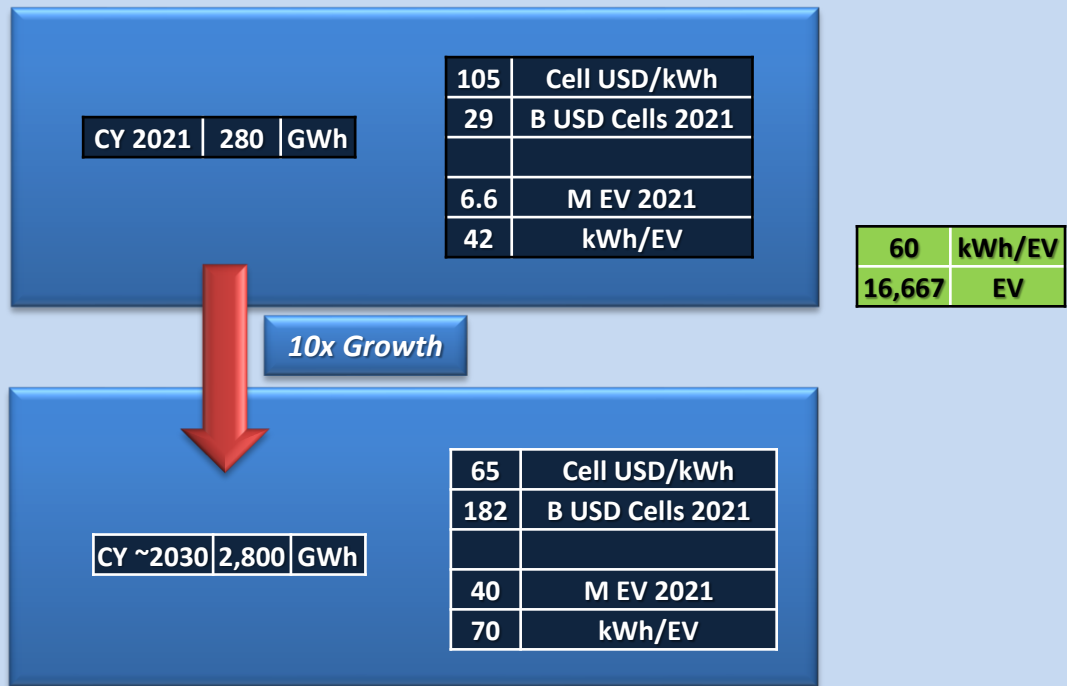


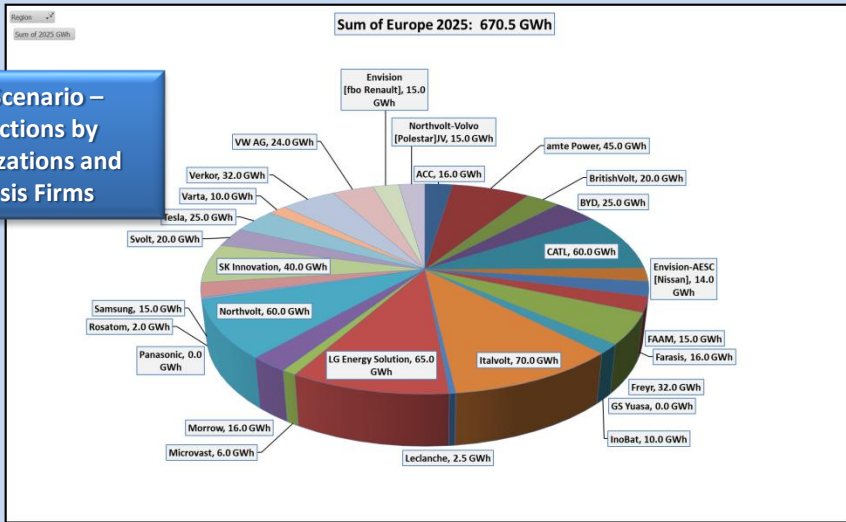
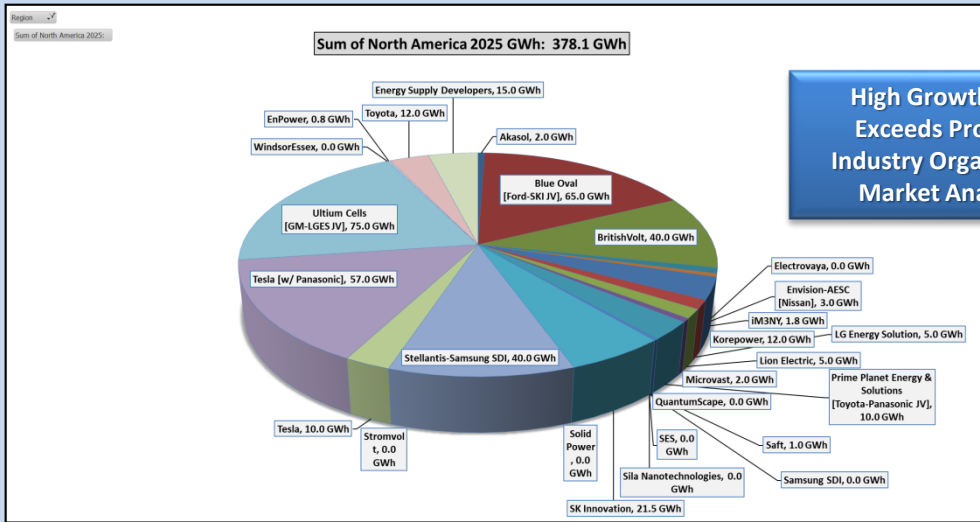
<https://ree.auto/>

PASSENGER EV BATTERY CELL MARKET SIZE
[>90% LIB MANUFACTURING INDUSTRY SIZE]

PASSENGER EV BATTERY CELL MARKET SIZE

[>90% LIB MANUFACTURING INDUSTRY SIZE]





High Growth Scenario – Exceeds Projections by Industry Organizations and Market Analysis Firms

| | 2025 GWh | |
|---------------|----------|-----|
| Europe | 671 | 35% |
| North America | 378 | 20% |
| China | 850 | 45% |
| | 1899 | |

Industry announcements more than double GWh installed over Market Analysis Projections. This view skews would shift the sigmoidal curve toward the present. 2025 in this view looks like 2028 in the market projections.

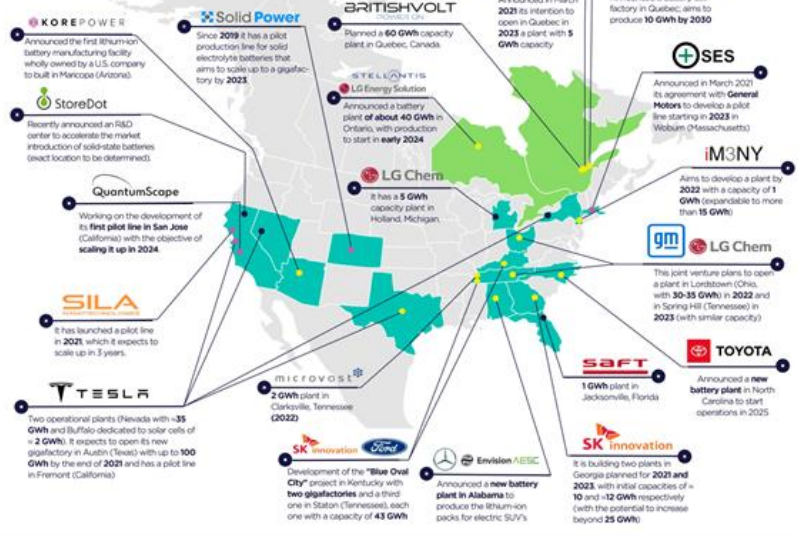
The more easily Addressable Markets in Europe and North America Regions together would be ~10 B of CAPEX for CY 2025.

NORTH AMERICAN BATTERY INITIATIVES

Version 4. Last update: 22/03/2022

Analysis by CIC energiGUNE

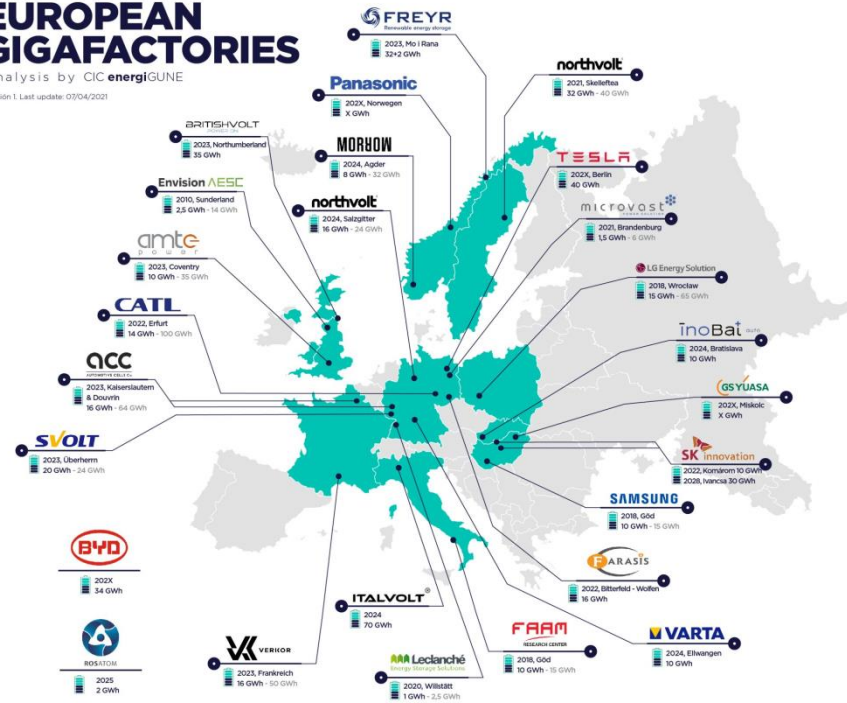
- OPERATIONAL PLANT
- PROJECT IN PROGRESS
- OPERATIONAL PILOT LINE OR IN PROGRESS



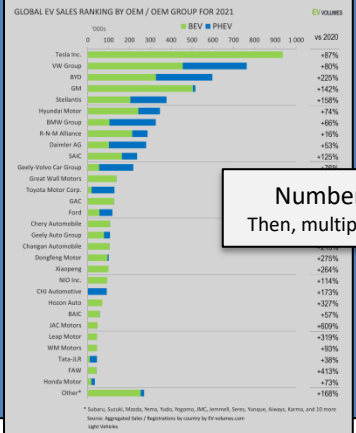
EUROPEAN GIGAFACTORIES

Analysis by CIC energiGUNE

Version 1. Last update: 02/04/2021



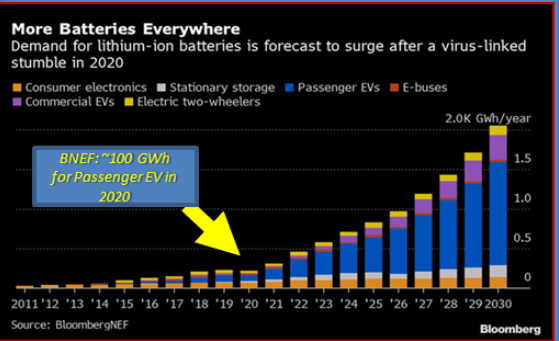
<https://cicenergigune.com/en/blog/north-america-battle-electric-car-battery-gigafactories>



Number of EV Sold
Then, multiply by kWh per EV

GWh of EV Batteries
Manufactured

Tons of Raw Materials Used in EV
Battery Manufacturing
Then check by LIB Compositions

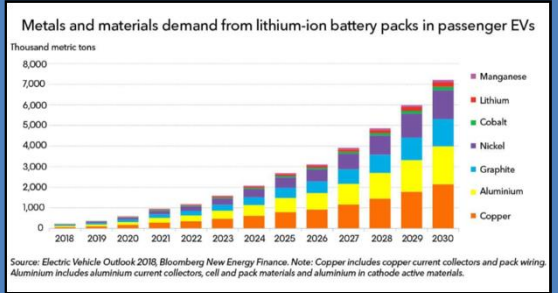


<https://www.bloombergquint.com/technology/the-electric-car-battery-boom-has-screached-to-a-halt-for-now>

BNEF
Adamas
McKinsey

...

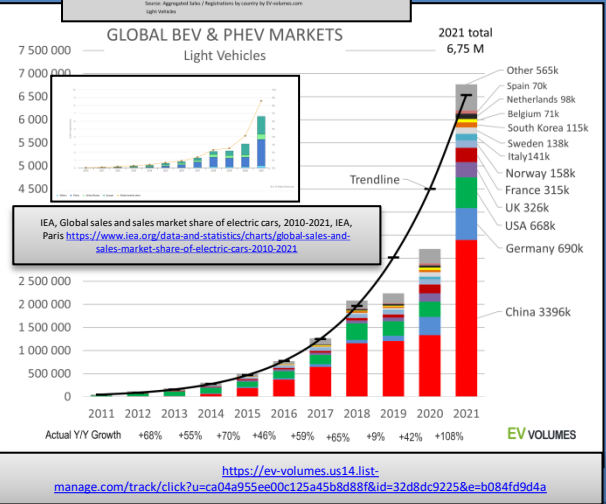
LIB Manufacturer
Announcements



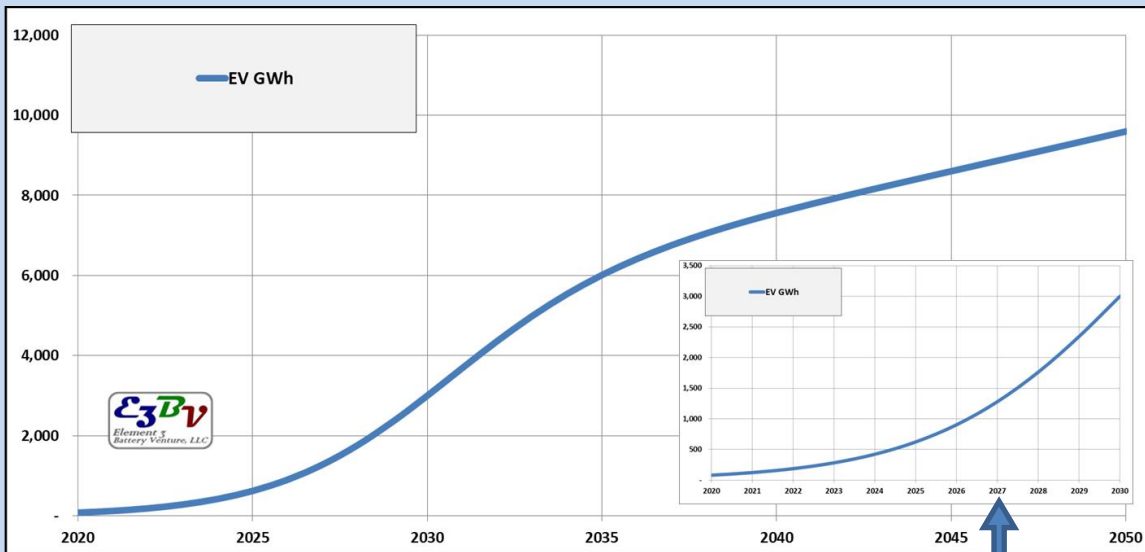
Roskill
Benchmark Minerals

...

LIB Supplier Reports



LIB MANUFACTURING INDUSTRY GROWTH – E3BV “COMPILATION”

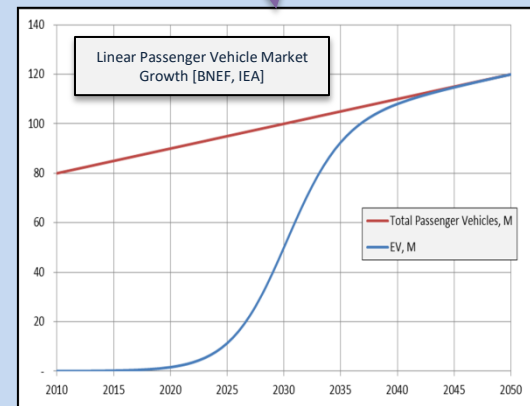


| Global Average kWh per Passenger EV | |
|-------------------------------------|------------|
| 2020 | 40 kWh/EV |
| 2030 | 70 kWh/EV |
| 2040 | 90 kWh/EV |
| 2050 | 120 kWh/EV |

E3BV Assumption

Looks “exponential” for 2020 to 2030 window

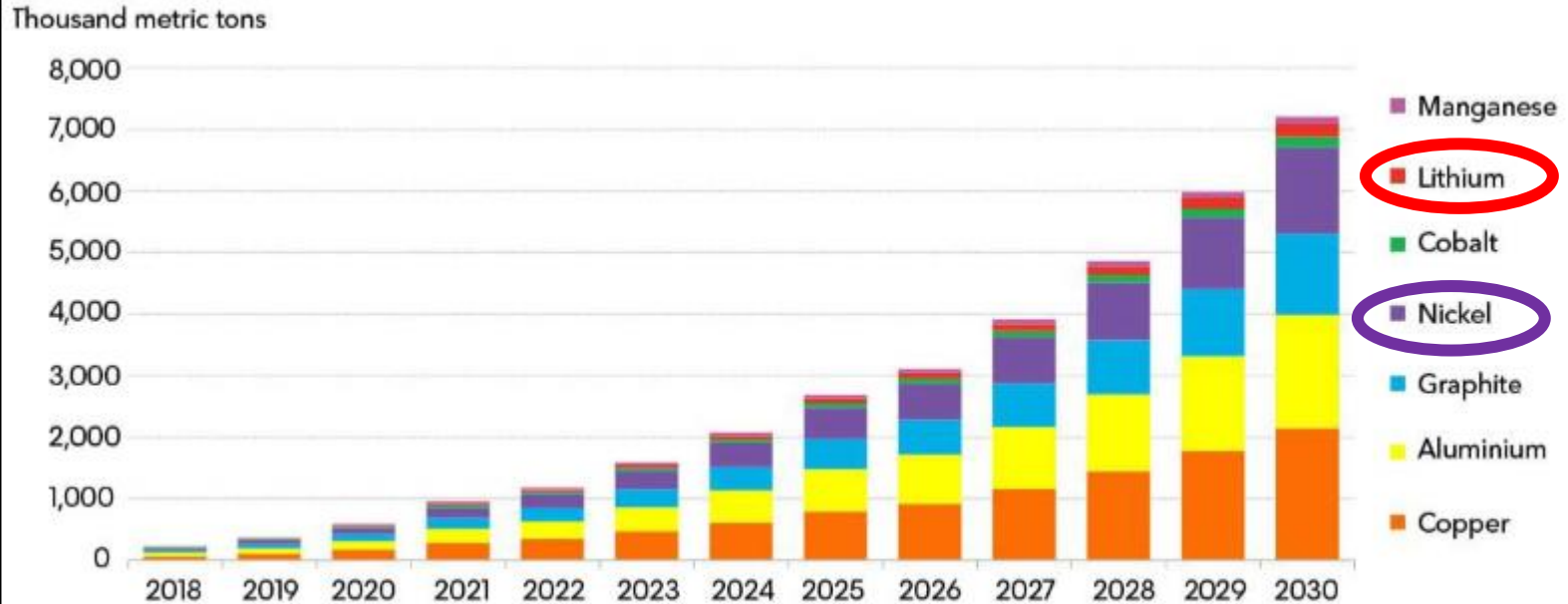
Sigmoidal Curve Model based on Multiple Inputs
 From Industry Organizations and Market Analysis Firms
Without Weighing in Industry Announcements



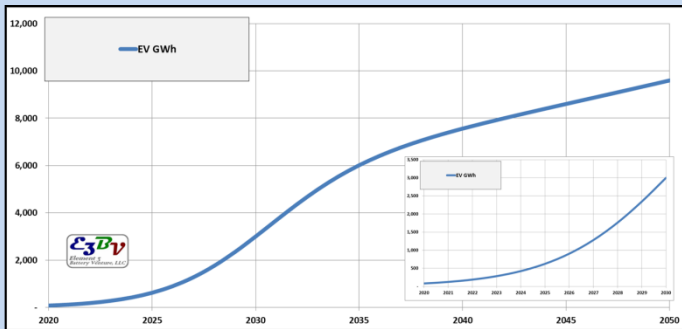
LIB INDUSTRY SUPPLY IN THE FACE OF GROWTH

PROJECTIONS OF MATERIALS TECHNOLOGY ADVANCEMENT – BASED ON IMPLEMENTING CATHODE IMPROVEMENTS → NI-RICH CATHODE

Metals and materials demand from lithium-ion battery packs in passenger EVs



Source: *Electric Vehicle Outlook 2018*, Bloomberg New Energy Finance. Note: Copper includes copper current collectors and pack wiring. Aluminium includes aluminium current collectors, cell and pack materials and aluminium in cathode active materials.

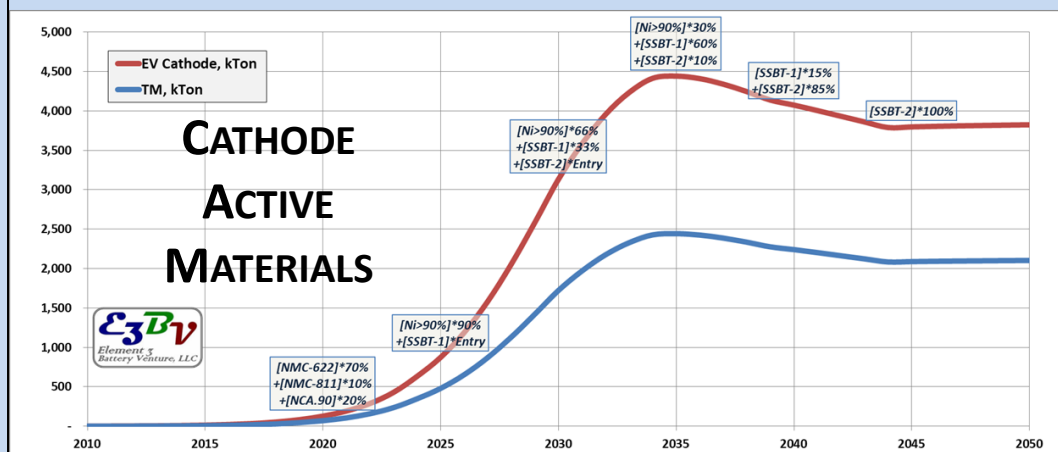
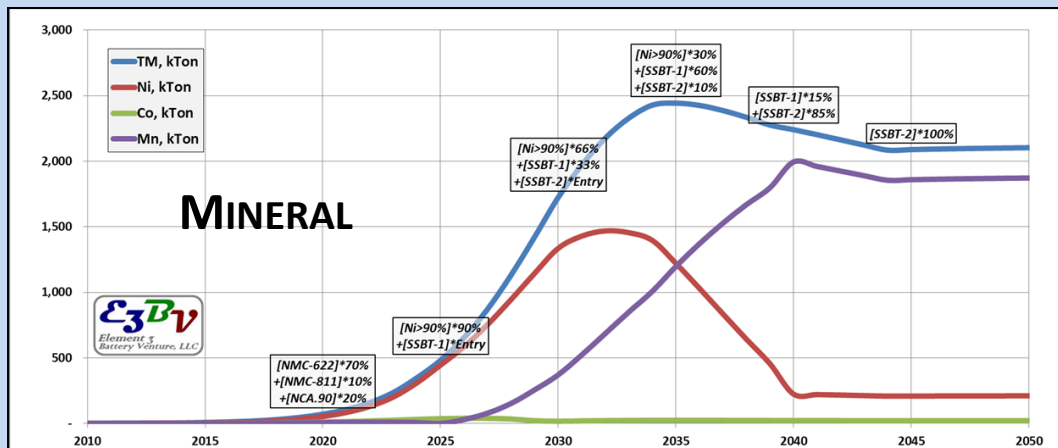


Sigmoidal Curve Model with Mineral and CAM Demand

These change shape, since the Cathode Chemistry Changes!

Potential for –

- Ni bottleneck – 5 to 8 years mineral development time frame
- Adoption of Lithium Iron Phosphate [LFP]



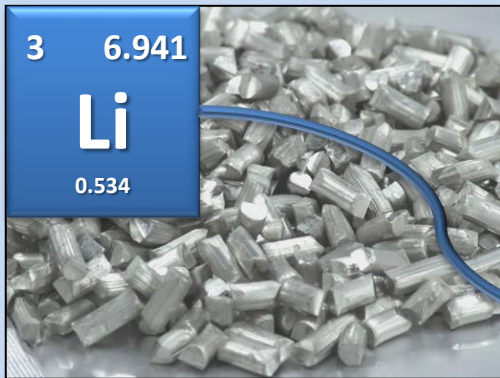
| PROPERTY | LITHIUM IRON PHOSPHATE [LFP] | LITHIUM ION NI-RICH CATHODE, GRAPHITE | LFP WITH SILICON ANODE OR SSBT | LITHIUM ION NI-RICH CATHODE WITH SILICON ANODE OR SSBT | HIGH VOLTAGE PHOSPHATE SSBT | HIGH VOLTAGE METAL OXIDE SSBT |
|---|--|---|--|--|-----------------------------|-------------------------------|
| ENERGY DENSITY WH/L | 300 WH/L [MATURE] | 500 WH/L [GOING TOWARD 650] | ~500 WH/L [MATURE] | ~1,000 WH/L [EV OEM MOTIVATION] | ~1,000 WH/L | ~2,000 WH/L |
| SAFETY: CATHODE AUTOTHERMAL TEMPERATURE, °C | 290°C [ANODE INITIATES 150°C] | 170 TO 190°C [ANODE INITIATES 150°C] | 290°C [SILICON INITIATES 150°C, SSBT DOES NOT] | 170 TO 190°C [SILICON INITIATES 150°C, SSBT DOES NOT] | 170 TO 190°C | 220°C |
| CELL LEVEL COST | 85.USD/kWh | ~125.USD/kWh 2020 ~100.USD/kWh 2025 | Si: 60.USD/kWh SSBT: 45.USD/kWh | Si: 85.USD/kWh SSBT: 75.USD/kWh | 45.USD/kWh | 60.USD/kWh |
| BATTERY LEVEL COST [NOTIONAL] | 100.USD/kWh | ~150.USD/kWh 2020 ~120.USD/kWh 2025 | Si: 75.USD/kWh SSBT: 60.USD/kWh | Si: 100.USD/kWh SSBT: 90.USD/kWh | 55.USD/kWh | 70.USD/kWh |
| CHARGE VOLTAGE, CELL | 3.65V GOOD FOR SAFETY FOR LIQUID ELECTROLYTE BAD FOR MANUFACTURING COST – MORE CELLS IN SERIES | 4.2V LIMITED BY ELECTROLYTE STABILITY AND CATHODE COLLAPSE | 3.65V CATHODE IS ALREADY EMPTIED | Si: 4.2V SSBT: 4.35V LIMITED BY CATHODE COLLAPSE | 5V | 5V |
| BATTERY LIFE [NOTIONAL] | LONG ~3,000 CYCLES LOW ANNUAL TCO | ~2,000 CYCLES | Si: ~1,000 CYCLES SSBT: LONG ~5,000 CYCLES | Si: ~1,000 CYCLES SSBT: LONG ~5,000 CYCLES | SSBT: LONG ~5,000 CYCLES | SSBT: LONG ~5,000 CYCLES |

3

6.941

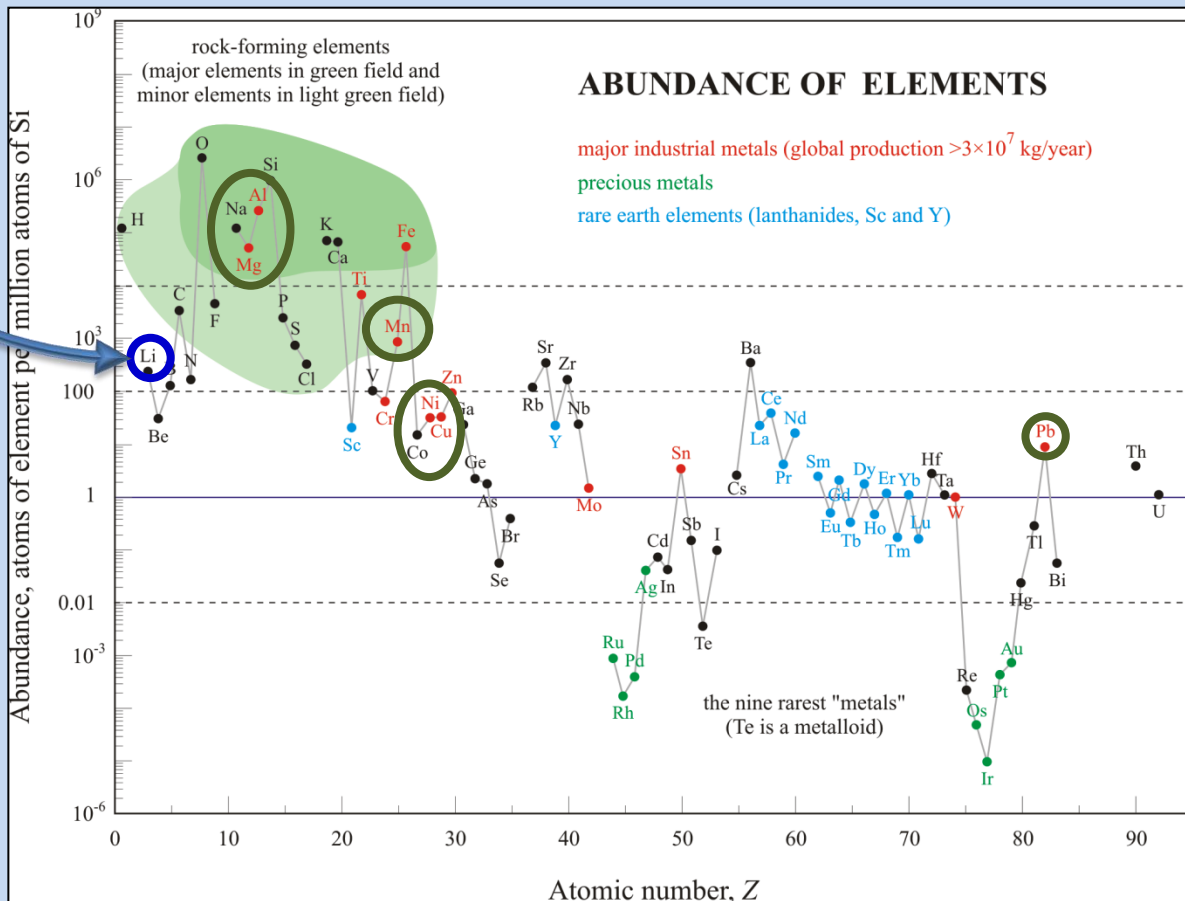
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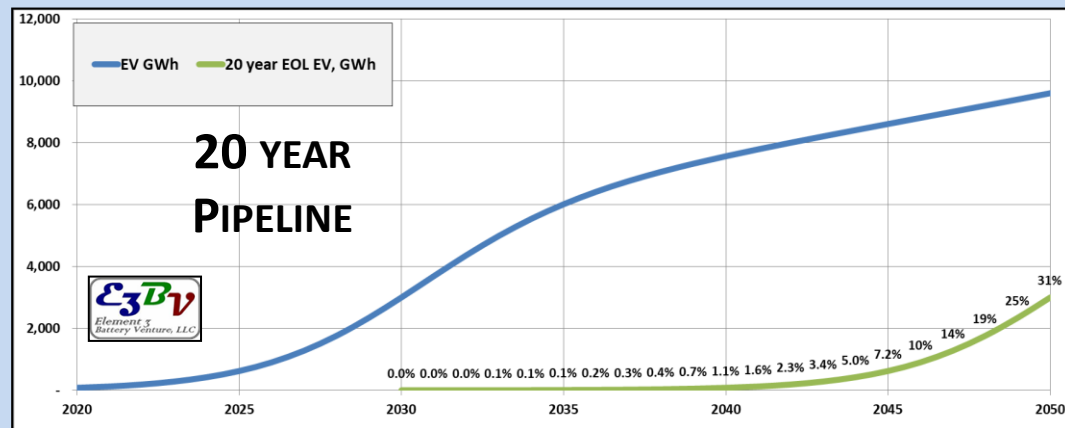
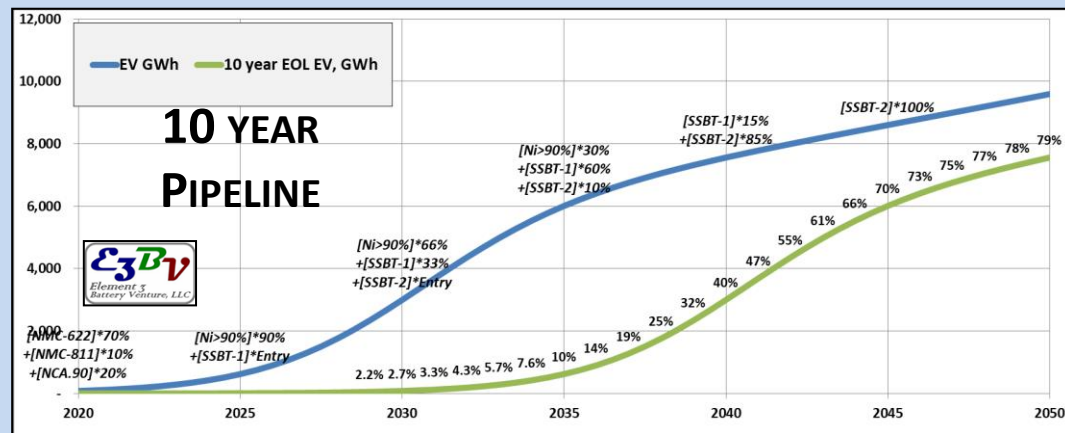
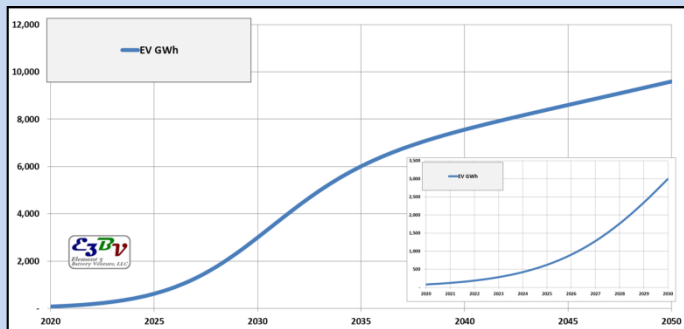
0.534



https://www.reade.com/media/zoo/images/lithium_elements_eb20b4c9a88cda92768c83e77e12e1de.jpg

1. LITHIUM IS NOT RARE
2. LOWEST DENSITY METAL, SOLID
3. 3,861.MAH/G – HIGHEST CAPACITY METAL
4. -3.04 V – FIFTH HIGHEST STANDARD ELECTRODE POTENTIAL OF ANY ELEMENT





Sigmoidal Curve Model with End of Life [EOL] EV Batteries

Long pipeline!

Potential for –

- EV Battery Remanufacturing
- Second Use as Grid ESS Batteries – Auto OEMs → Utilities
- Last resort, reclaim metals



1. REMANUFACTURING [DIRECT RECYCLING]

- SPIERS, CARDONE, DORMAN

2. SECOND USE

- GRID ENERGY STORAGE – UTILITY AND BEHIND THE METER, CAPACITY FIRMING OF RENEWABLES, GRID STABILITY – **NUMEROUS BATTERY ASSEMBLERS!**
- FORKLIFTS, MATERIALS HANDLING, FLOOR CLEANERS, ROBOTICS
- COMMERCIAL BACKUP POWER – TELECOMMUNICATIONS NETWORKS, DATA CENTERS, HOTELS, BUSINESS CENTERS

3. EMERGING HYDROMETALLURGICAL RECYCLING

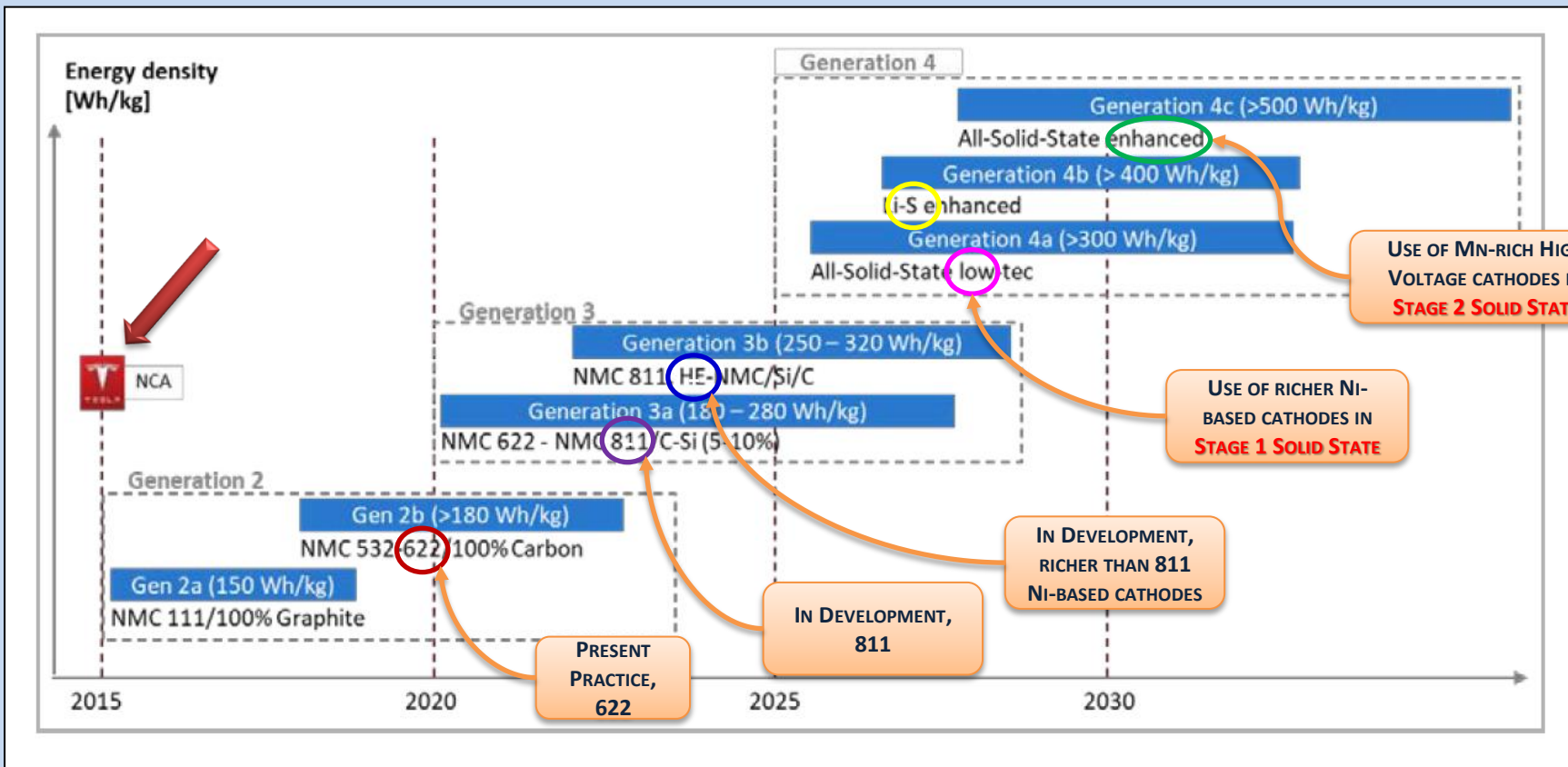
- CELL REPAIR
- ELECTRODE RECOVERY
- ACTIVE CATHODE MATERIAL RECOVERY
- METAL SALTS – PRECURSORS TO MAKE CATHODE MATERIALS

4. PYROMETALLURGICAL RECYCLING

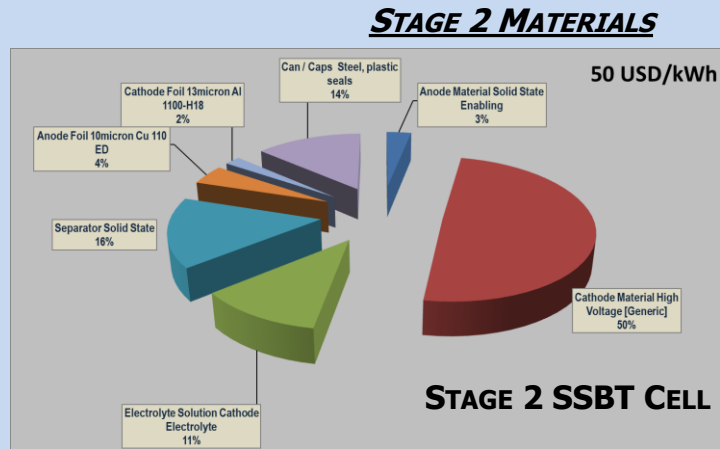
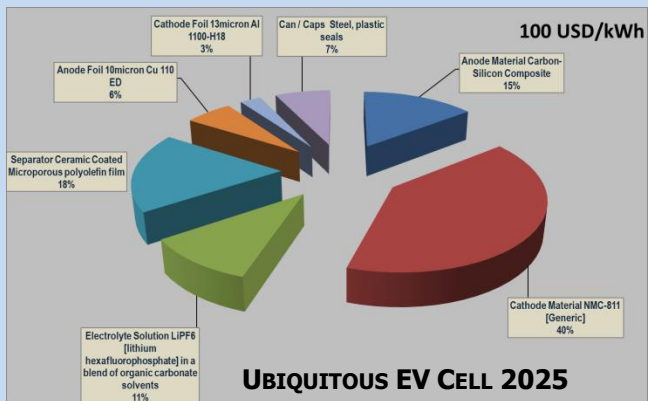
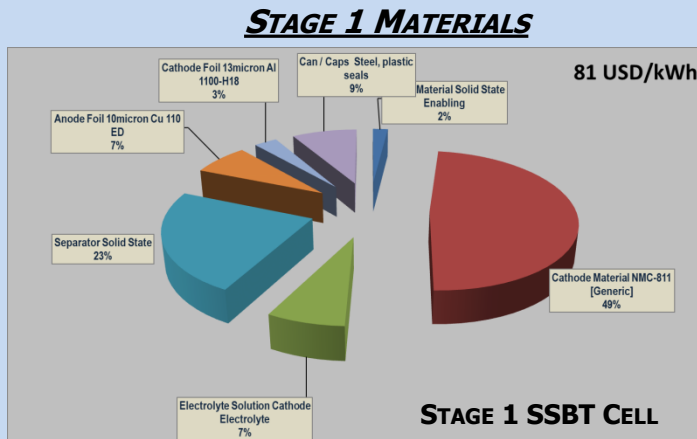
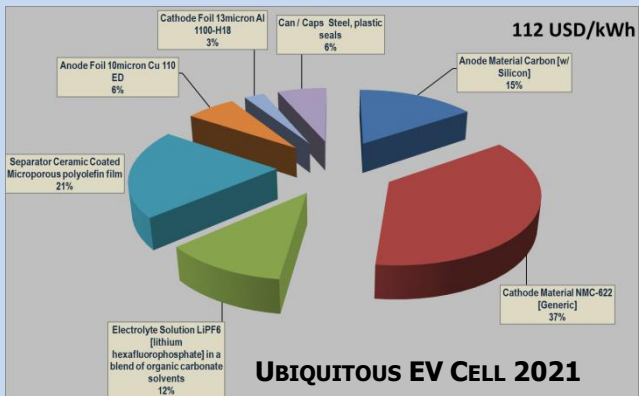
- SMELTING TO RECOVER METALS USING HIGH TEMPERATURE ROTARY KILNS – EXISTING INDUSTRY
- ADAPTATION OF EXISTING LEAD SMELTING
 - LEAD ACID BATTERY MANUFACTURERS
 - INDEPENDENT LEAD ACID BATTERY RECYCLERS
- ADAPTATION OF EXISTING MINERAL PROCESSING INDUSTRY

COMPETITION AMONG EV BATTERY MAKERS – EV OEMs DRIVES TECHNOLOGY

CATHODE ACTIVE MATERIAL PROGRESSION



Sharova, Varvara et al. (2020), *Evaluation of Lithium-Ion Battery Cell Value Chain*, Working Paper **Forschungsförderung**, (168) Hans-Böckler-Stiftung, Düsseldorf <https://www.econstor.eu/bitstream/10419/217243/1/hbs-fofoe-wp-168-2020.pdf>



HOW MUCH LI PER KWH?

EFFECT OF CAM

| | Ni %mass in Cathode | | | Theoretical mAh/g | Actual mAh/g | Utilization % | Material Cost USD/kg | Material Cost USD/kWh | Ni g/kWh/Ute | Li g/kWh/Ute |
|--------------|---------------------|------------------|------|-------------------|--------------|---------------|----------------------|-----------------------|--------------|--------------|
| LNO | 60.1% | JMAT [abandoned] | 2021 | 274 | 220 | 80% | 14.3 | 17.5 | 739 | 87.3 |
| NCA-90.05.05 | 55.0% | Sumitomo | 2019 | 279 | 205 | 73% | 14.7 | 19.4 | 806 | 95.2 |
| NCA-85.10.05 | 51.9% | Sumitomo | 2017 | 279 | 195 | 70% | 15.3 | 21.2 | 847 | 100.1 |
| NMC-811 | 48.3% | SKI-Cosmo | 2018 | 275 | 185 | 67% | 14.7 | 21.5 | 882 | 104.2 |
| NMC-622 | 36.3% | Ecopro | 2018 | 277 | 170 | 61% | 15.2 | 24.2 | 963 | 113.8 |
| NMC-532 | 30.4% | Umicore | 2017 | 278 | 160 | 58% | 14.5 | 24.5 | 1,027 | 121.4 |
| NMC-111 | 20.3% | Umicore | 2017 | 278 | 150 | 54% | 15.9 | 28.6 | 1,097 | 129.7 |
| LCO | 0.0% | Umicore | 2010 | 274 | 140 | 51% | 26.3 | 50.8 | 1,158 | 136.9 |

COMPETITION AMONG EV BATTERY MAKERS – EV OEMS DRIVES TECHNOLOGY

2. POOR ELECTRONIC CONDUCTIVITY

→ SEMICONDUCTOR, UNDOPED

3. ACHIEVING VERY THIN ELECTRODE COATINGS

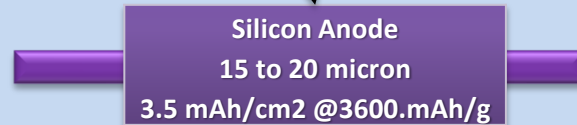
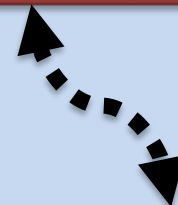
→ MATCH PRACTICAL CATHODES FOR CAPACITY BY AREA, LIMIT $\sim 4. \text{mAh}/\text{cm}^2$ THAT IS OFTEN 10 TO 20 MICRONS OF SI MATERIAL

→ UNIFORMITY CAN BECOME AN ISSUE

Graphite Anode
70 to 80 micron
3.5 mAh/cm² @330.mAh/g

EV Grade Cathode
~150 micron
3.5 mAh/cm² @190.mAh/g

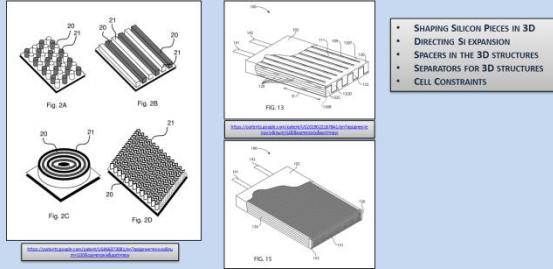
Silicon Anode
15 to 20 micron
3.5 mAh/cm² @3600.mAh/g



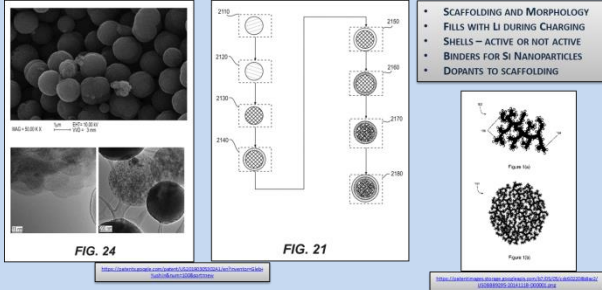
MAJOR DEVELOPERS OF SILICON ANODE MATERIALS

| COMPANY | TECHNOLOGY | ASSOCIATION | CELL LEVEL ENERGY DENSITY , WH/L | CYCLES TO 80% CAPACITY |
|-------------------------|---|--|----------------------------------|------------------------|
| SILA NANOTECHNOLOGIES | SCAFFOLDING TO HOLD SI NANOPARTICLES | BMW [2023], DAIMLER, SAMSUNG, ATL | 450 | 500 |
| ENOVIX | SILICON PIECES SHAPED INTO 3D | 2021 | 900 | 700 |
| GROUP14 | SI-HARD CARBON COMPOSITE | REC [ENERG2 SPIN-OUT] SCC55 120 TON/YR WA ATL, BASF, AND SK INNOVATION | 900 | 2000 |
| FERROGLOBE | SILICON MINERAL PROCESSOR | BIOSOLAR - NORTH CAROLINA A&T STATE UNIVERSITY | | |
| EVONIK | SI CORE FROM REDUCED SILANE GAS WITH TRANSITION TO GRAPHITE SHELL | SIRIDION BLACK PARTICLES | | |
| NANOGRAP* | HOLEY GRAPHENE WRAPPED SI NANOPARTICLES | JNC | | |
| FARAD POWER* | SI COMPOSITE WITH RENEWABLE CARBON PRECURSOR - FURFURAL ALCOHOL | | | |
| ASPEN AEROGEL | AEROGEL OF SiO ₂ , AEROGEL OF CARBON | EVONIK, SK INNOVATION | | |
| ENEVATE | NUMEROUS APPROACHES | | | |
| NEXEON | COMPLETE CELLS - SiOx? | WACKER, NSP-2 | | |
| ADVANO | | | | |
| ELKEM BATTERY MATERIALS | SILICANE CORE TECHNOLOGY [PV] | VIANODE SUBSIDIARY | | |
| SICONA | | | | |
| SHIN-ETSU | SILICANE CORE TECHNOLOGY | | | |
| AMPRIUS | VAPOR DEPOSITION GROWN SI NANOFIBRILS | STANFORD, BAIC [BEIJING ELECTRIC], AIRBUS | [450] | [250] |
| 3M | TRANSITION METAL DOPED SI | IN USE AS ADDITIVE - BOOSTER | | |
| ONED | | | | |
| PARACLETE | | | | |
| TESLA | BATTERY DAY 2020, THICK SEI LAYER, IONOMER | DALHOUSIE U - JEFF DAHN? | | |
| BYD | ANNOUNCEMENT OF SILICON-LFP CELLS | FOR BLADE BATTERY | | |

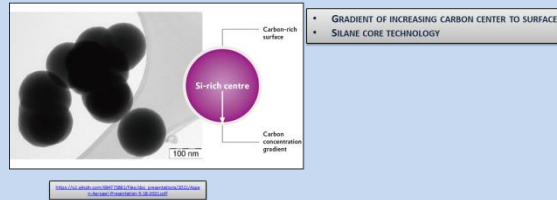
ENOVIX – 3D SILICON STRUCTURES “ENGRAVED PILLARS”



SILA NANOTECHNOLOGIES - SCAFFOLDING



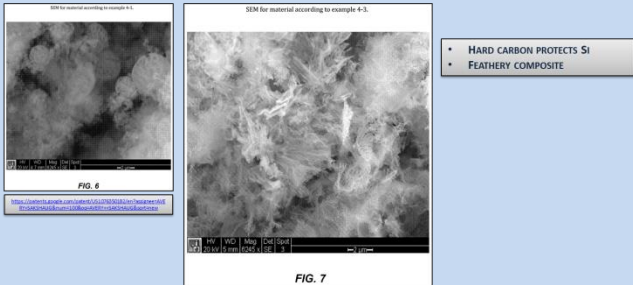
EVONIK SIRIDION BLACK – Si CORE WITH CARBON SURFACE



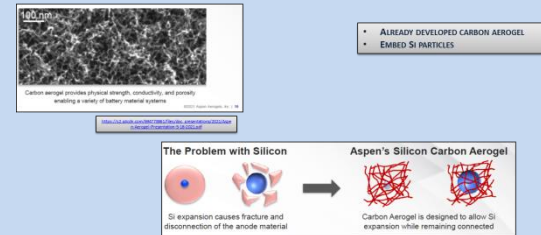
TESLA BATTERY DAY 2020 – SILICON PARTICLES WITH SSE POLYMER



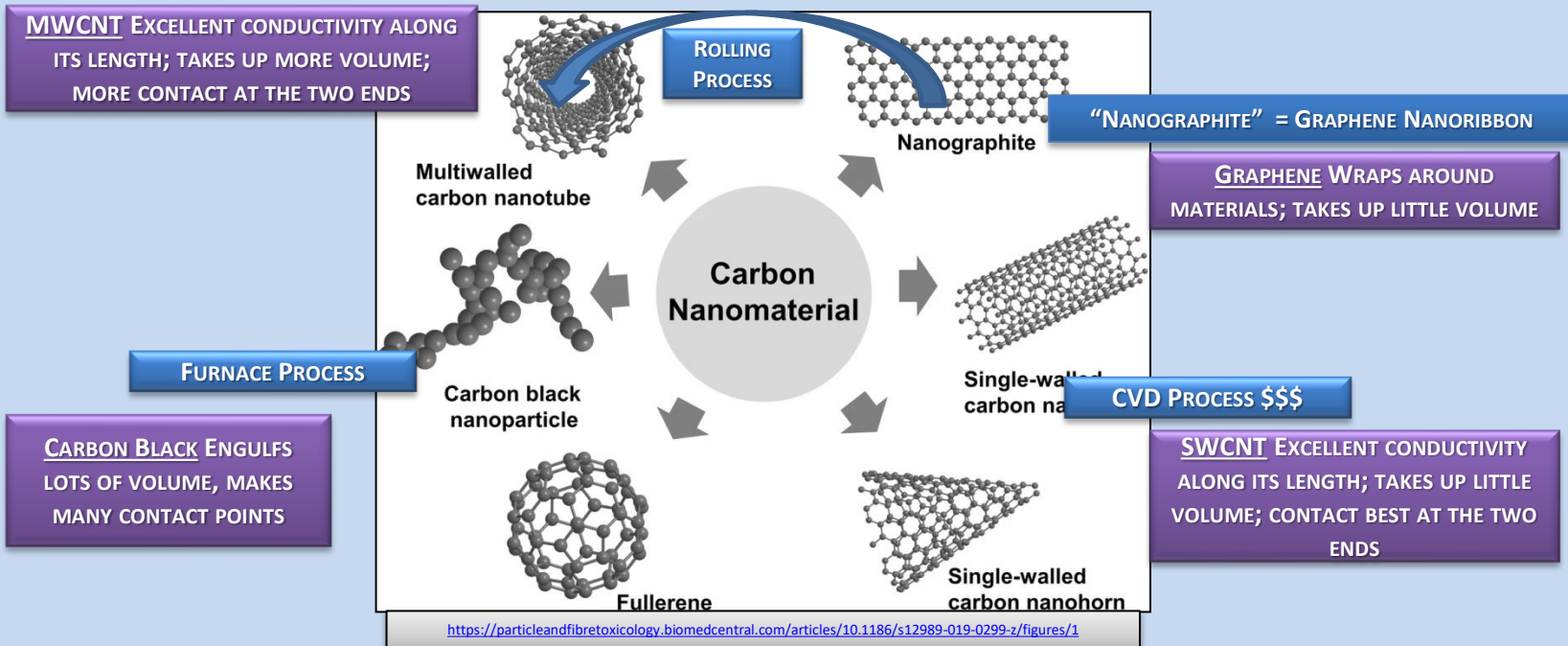
GROUP14 – HARD CARBON COMPOSITES



ASPEN AEROGEL – SILICON PARTICLES IN CARBON AEROGEL

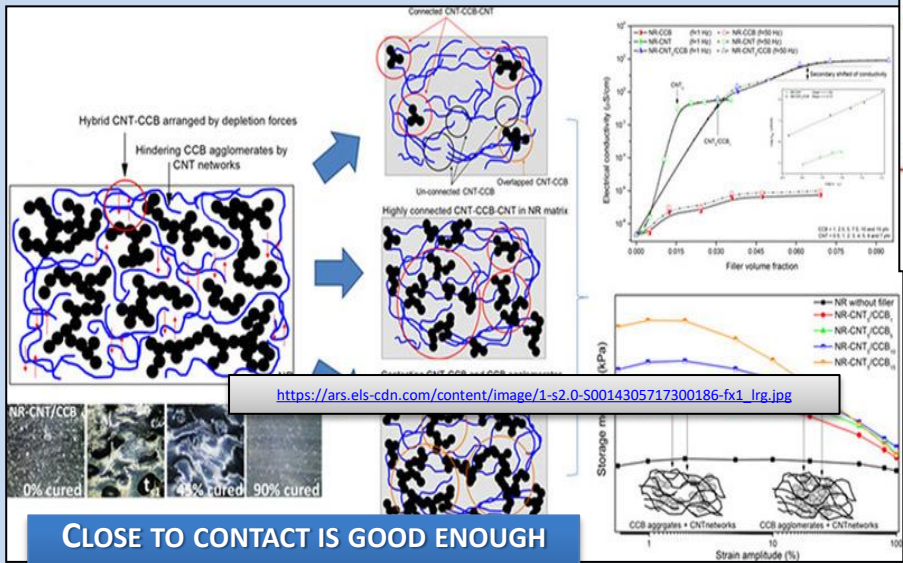


PERFORMANCE IS ALL ABOUT SHAPE

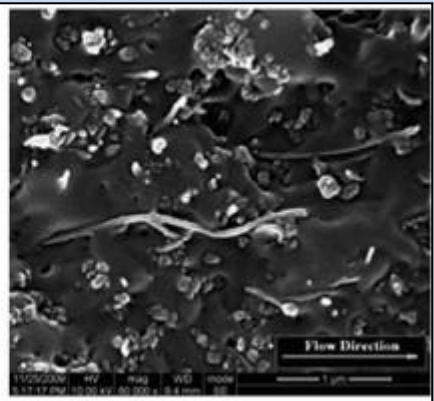
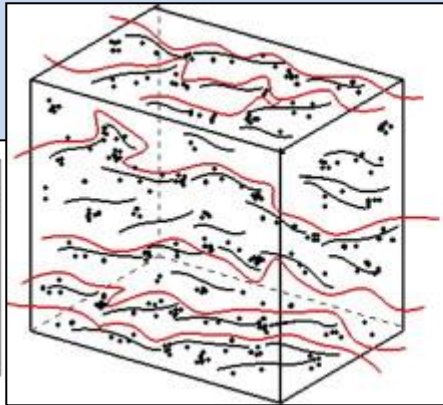


CONNECTED NETWORK - STRUCTURE

CNT AND CARBON BLACK NETWORKS



https://ars.els-cdn.com/content/image/1-s2.0-S0014305717300186-fx1_lrg.jpg



<https://ars.els-cdn.com/content/image/1-s2.0-S0032386112001103-fx1.jpg>

| CONDUCTIVE MATERIAL | TRAFFIC SYSTEM ANALOG |
|---------------------|-------------------------|
| CARBON BLACK | LOCAL ROADS |
| CNT | LIMITED ACCESS HIGHWAYS |
| GRAPHENE | PARKING LOTS |

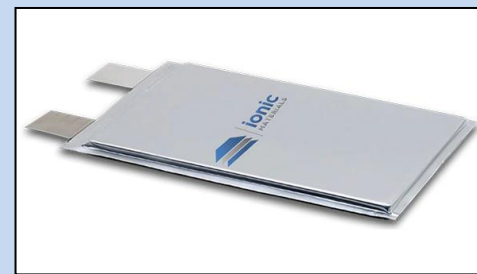
CLOSE TO CONTACT IS GOOD ENOUGH
→ **ELECTRON TUNNELING**



<https://solidpowerbattery.com/>



<https://www.theverge.com/2020/12/8/22158573/quantumscape-solid-state-battery-ev-range-charge-vw>



<https://www.industryweek.com/technology-and-iiot/energy/article/22015201/technology-guru-bill-joy-is-betting-on-a-bulletproof-battery>

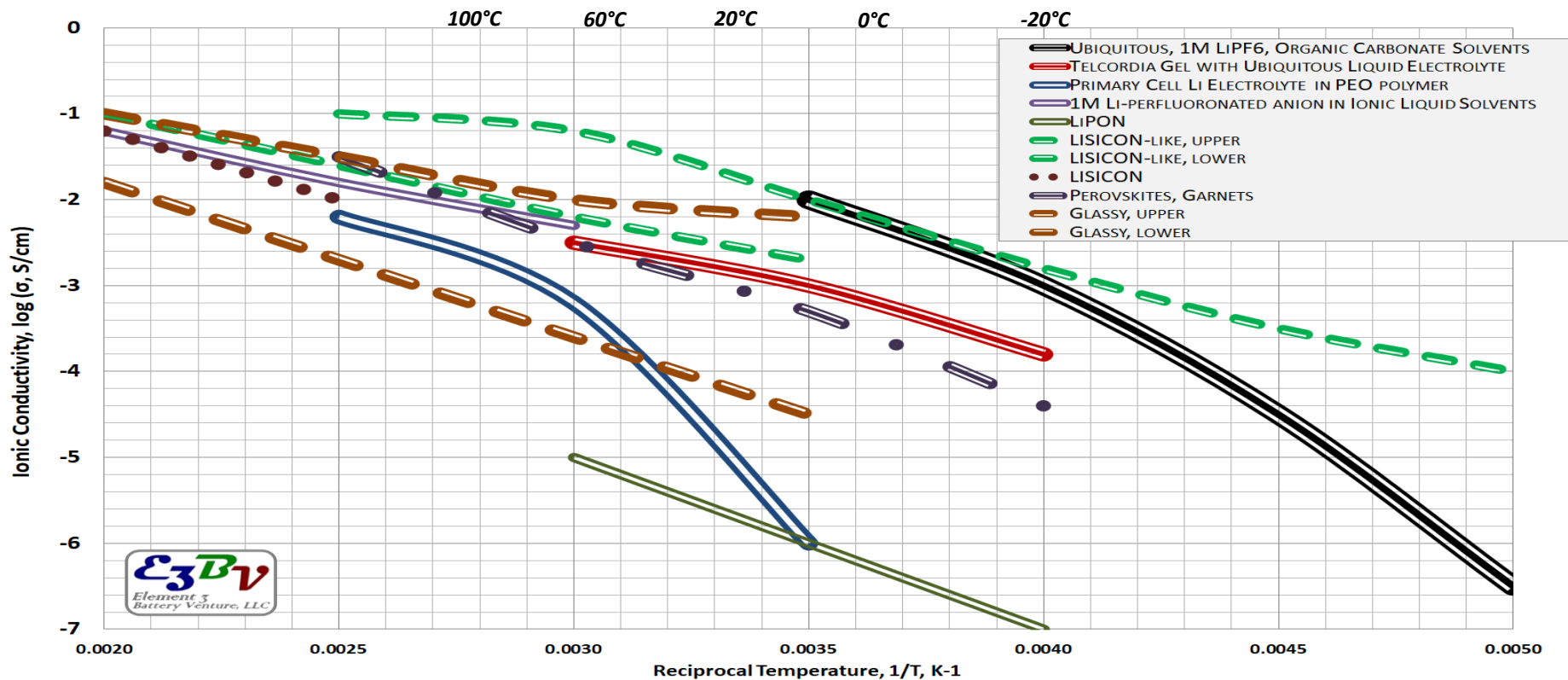


THERE ARE A FEW COMPANIES THAT *APPEAR* READY TO BEGIN PRODUCTION SCALE UP AND TARGET INITIAL COMMERCIAL SALES OF SOLID STATE EV CELLS BY 2025 TO AUTO OEM PARTNERS - QUANTUMSCAPE [CERAMIC, GARNET], SOLID POWER AND TOYOTA [SULFIDE GLASS] AND IONIC MATERIALS [POLYMER].

| COMPANY | SSBT TYPE |
|--------------------------|-------------------|
| ILIKA | CERAMIC |
| ION STORAGE SYSTEMS | CERAMIC |
| PROLOGIUM | CERAMIC |
| CORNING | GARNET CERAMIC |
| KIIT | GARNET CERAMIC |
| NGK | GARNET CERAMIC |
| QUANTUMSCAPE | GARNET CERAMIC |
| PATHION | GLASSY |
| POLYPLUS / OHARA | GLASSY LAYER |
| SION POWER | GLASSY LAYER |
| SAFT | HYDRIDE |
| BOULDER IONICS | IONIC LIQUID |
| IO-LI-TEC | IONIC LIQUID |
| CYMET | LiPON |
| DYSON [SAKT13] | LiPON |
| FRONT EDGE TECHNOLOGY | LiPON |
| INFINITE POWER SOLUTIONS | LiPON |
| AMBRI | MOLTEN ELECTRODES |
| SLAC | PERFLUOROGLYME |

| COMPANY | SSBT TYPE |
|---|---------------|
| BOLLERE | POLYMER |
| BRIGHTVOLT [SOLICORE] | POLYMER |
| IONIC MATERIALS | POLYMER |
| SEEO | POLYMER |
| SOLID ENERGY | POLYMER |
| 24M TECHNOLOGIES | SEMI-SOLID |
| ARLANXEO | SULFIDE GLASS |
| IDEMITSU KOSAN | SULFIDE GLASS |
| MITSUI KINZOKU | SULFIDE GLASS |
| SAMSUNG [YOUNG-GUN LEE] | SULFIDE GLASS |
| SIDUS ENERGY [IBM, M-B, CENTRAL GLASS (JP)] | SULFIDE GLASS |
| SOLID POWER | SULFIDE GLASS |
| TOYOTA | SULFIDE GLASS |
| BYD | UNK |
| FISKER | UNK |
| FUJICHEM | UNK |
| HITACHI ZOSEN CORPORATION | UNK |
| JIawei LONG POWER | UNK |
| JOHNSON BATTERY TECHNOLOGIES | UNK |
| LIONANO | UNK |
| PIERSCA | UNK |
| QING TAO ENERGY DEVELOPMENT | UNK |
| SOELECT INC | UNK |
| SOUNDON NEW ENERGY TECH | UNK |
| TERAWATT [SF MOTORS] | UNK |

IN ADDITION, OTHERS STAKEHOLDERS HAVE IP FOR SSB TECHNOLOGIES –
 BATTERY MANUFACTURERS: LGES, MURATA, GS-YUASA, LEP, PANASONIC, ...
 EV OEMS: HYUNDAI-KIA, NISSAN, GM, DAIMLER, ...
 CHEMICAL COMPANIES: SHIN-ETSU, POSTECH, SUMITOMO, MITSUI, BASF, ...

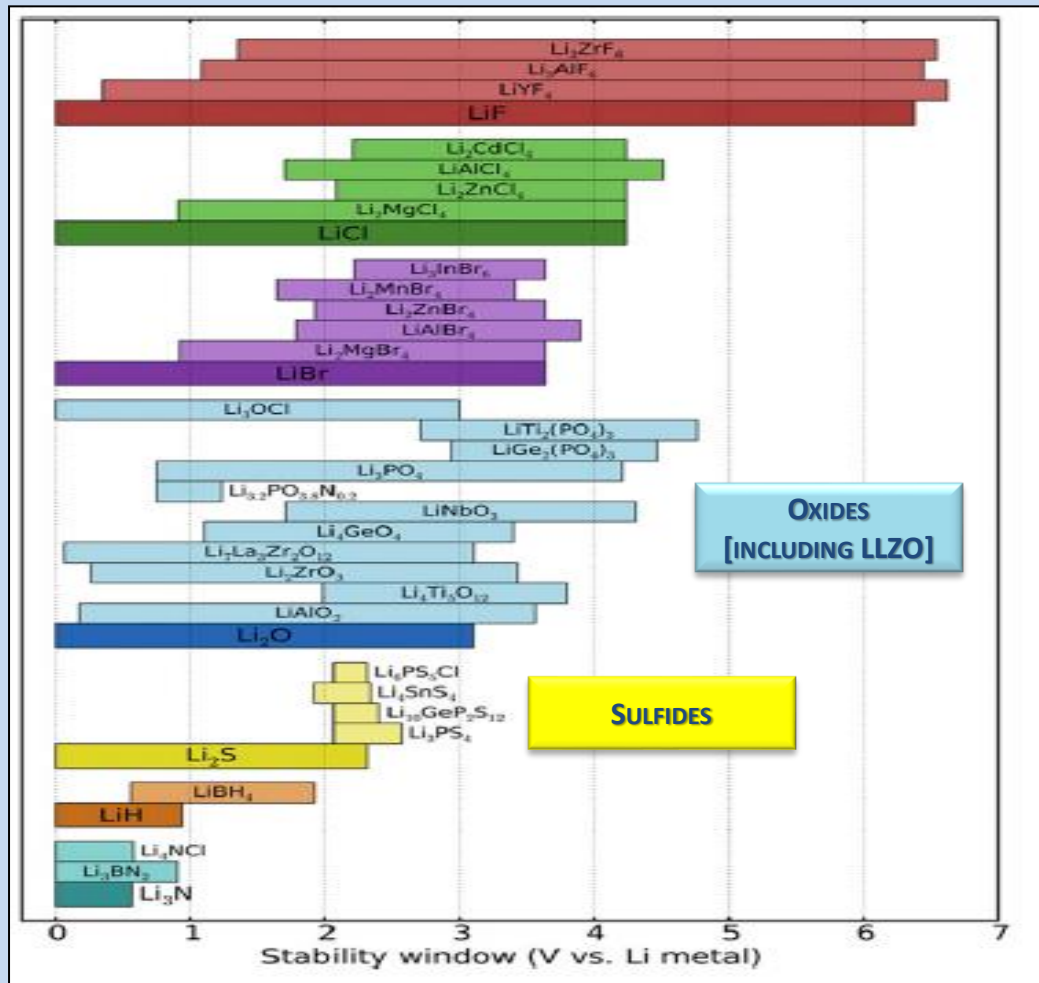


<https://www.accessengineeringlibrary.com/content/book/9781260115925/toc-chapter/chapter22/section/section24>

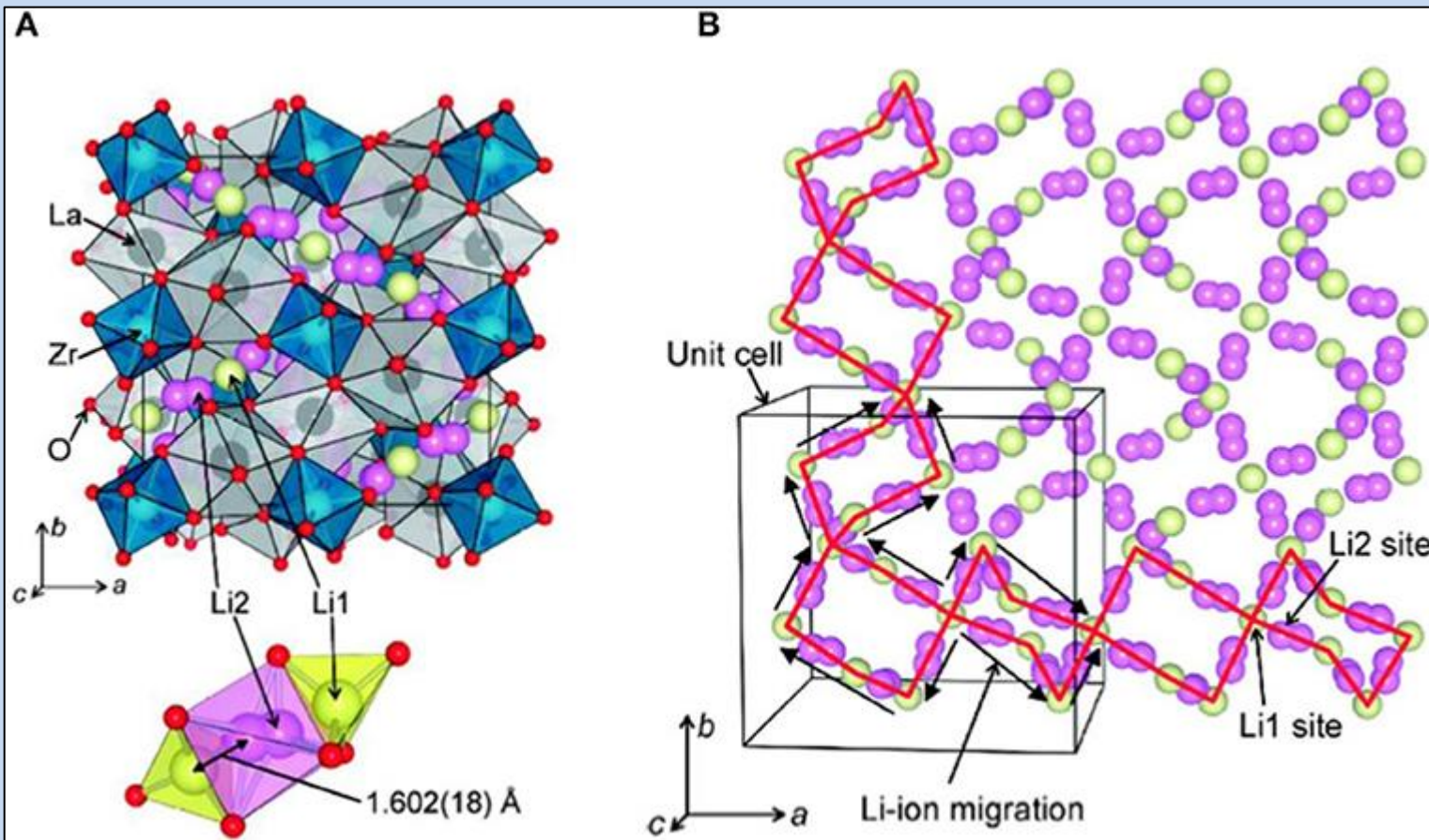
[Author content, Ron Turi: 22C.0. SECTION C: SOLID-STATE ELECTROLYTES (CERAMIC, GLASS, POLYMER), in Linden's Handbook of Batteries, Fifth Edition, Kirby W. Beard [Ed.] ISBN: 9781260115925 2019 McGraw-Hill Education

CAN WE PREDICT THE SSBT WINNER? NO.

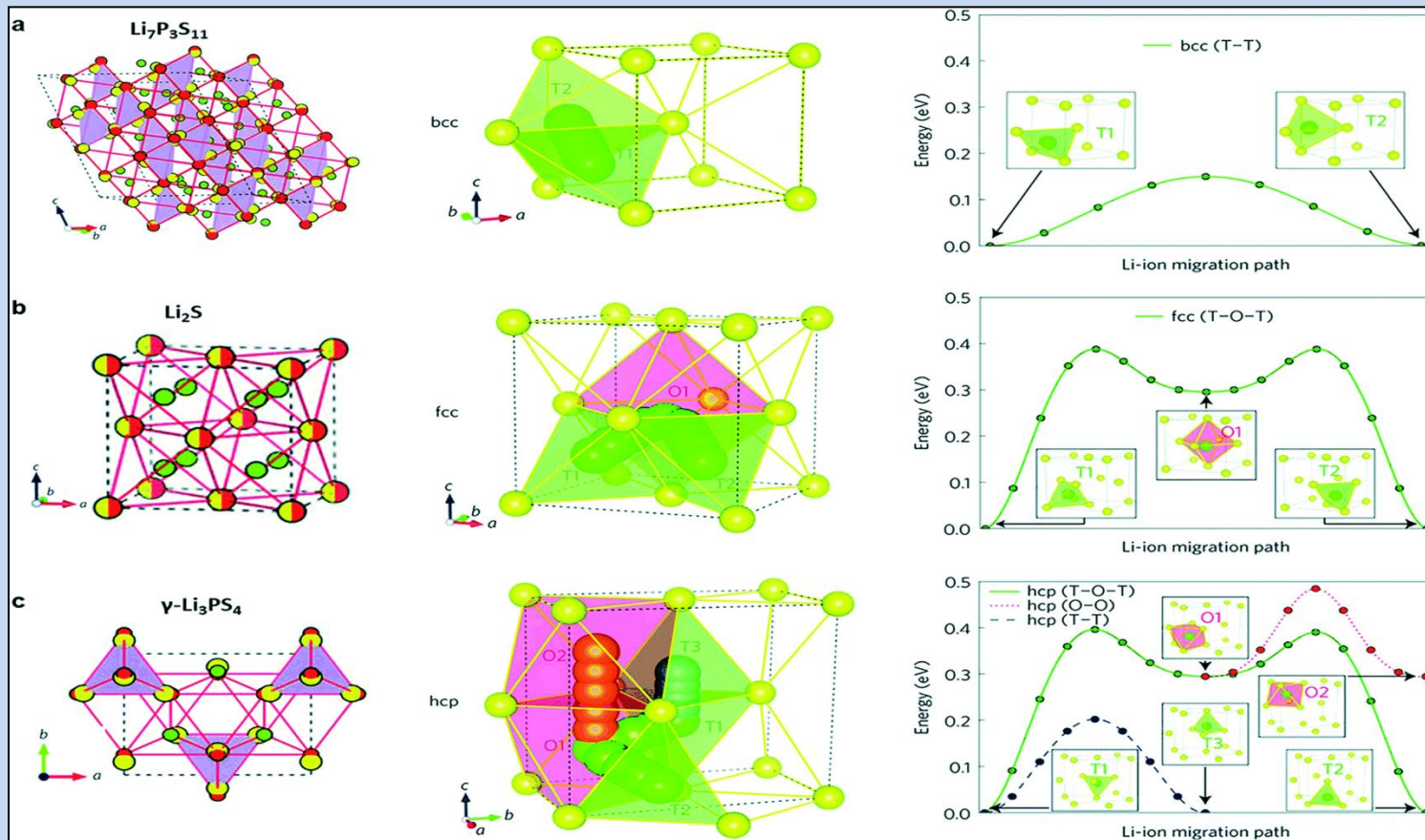
| | IONIC CONDUCTIVITY AND TEMPERATURE RANGE | ELECTROCHEMICAL STABILITY WINDOW | ANODE DENDRITE MANAGEMENT MATERIAL STRENGTH, DEFECTS, FLEXIBILITY / NON-FRAGILE | ANODE PLATING CONTROL | AVAILABILITY OF PRECURSOR MATERIALS, PROCESSING SEPARATOR, CATHODE-SSE COMPOSITE | EASE OF SCALE UP IN FOOTPRINT, STACKING, CONNECTORS |
|---------|--|----------------------------------|---|-----------------------|--|---|
| CERAMIC | MEDIUM | High | HIGH / LOW | ??? | LOW | LOW |
| SULFIDE | High | LOW | LOW | ??? | MEDIUM | MEDIUM |
| POLYMER | LOW | MEDIUM | LOW | ??? | HIGH | HIGH |



[https://www.cell.com/chem/pdf/S2451-9294\(18\)30530-8.pdf](https://www.cell.com/chem/pdf/S2451-9294(18)30530-8.pdf)
 Xia, Shuixin, et al. "Practical Challenges and Future Perspectives of All-Solid-State Lithium-Metal Batteries." *Chem*, vol. 5, no. 4, Apr. 2019, pp. 753–85. DOI.org (Crossref), doi:[10.1016/j.chempr.2018.11.013](https://doi.org/10.1016/j.chempr.2018.11.013).



**ACTIVATION ENERGY
~0.3 eV**



<https://pubs.rsc.org/en/content/articlelanding/2019/ta/c9ta04555d>

Lian, Peng-Jie, et al. "Inorganic Sulfide Solid Electrolytes for All-Solid-State Lithium Secondary Batteries." *Journal of Materials Chemistry A*, vol. 7, no. 36, The Royal Society of Chemistry, Sept. 2019, pp. 20540–57. pubs.rsc.org, doi:10.1039/C9TA04555D.

MOST PROBABLE: THERE WILL BE MORE THAN ONE WINNER –

TOO MANY FACTORS ARE UNDETERMINED AND COMMERCIALIZATION RELIES ON SUCCESS FOR MULTIPLE FACTORS

➤ **COMMERCIAL SCALE UP**

- CONSISTENCY / UNIFORMITY IN LARGE BATCHES “CAMPAIGNS”
- TRUE ASSESSMENT OF TRL [TECHNOLOGY READINESS LEVEL] – REQUIRES “OPEN KIMONO”
- SUPPLY CHAIN DEVELOPMENT – CERAMICS, GLASSES, POLYMERS

➤ **LONG LASTING SOLID STATE DESIGN – PERFORMANCE AT EOL [END OF LIFE] VERSUS OEM WARRANTY**

- PROTECTION AGAINST LITHIUM DENDRITE GROWTH
- LOSS OF LITHIUM – STABILITY OF CATHODE MATERIALS – ESP., UNPROVEN NOVEL HV CATHODES
- LOSS OF RATE CAPABILITY FOR FAST CHARGING – SEVERAL FAILURE MODES / ROOT CAUSES
- MECHANICAL ENDURANCE

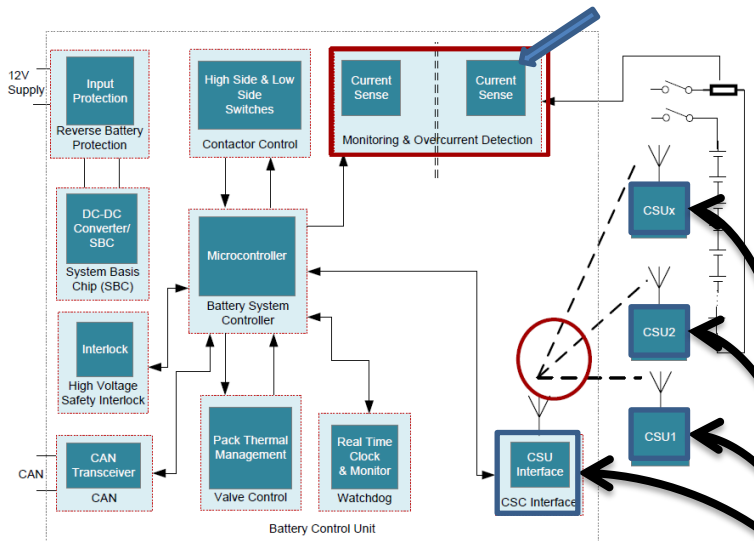
➤ **LITHIUM ION EV BATTERIES – THE EMPIRE STRIKES BACK [SORT OF]**

- IMPROVED ELECTROLYTE SOLVENTS – “MILLION MILE” BATTERY TECHNOLOGY AND SLAC LIQUID FOR LI METAL PLATING
- SILICON ANODE – PRICE POINT UNKNOWN, BUT ENABLES HIGHER ENERGY DENSITY, CLOSER TO AS STAGE 1 SSBT [PRE-LITHIATION]
- DESIGNS FOR LOWER COST MANUFACTURING – LEVEL THE PLAYING FIELD WRT SSBT SIMPLICITY – E.G., TESLA TABLESS 4680 CYLINDRICAL, LG ENERGY SOLUTIONS 110CM LONG, WIDE TAB POUCH CELL FOR GM ULTIUM BATTERY

➤ **MATERIALS DESIGN AND ENGINEERING – OF COURSE!**

BATTERY TECHNOLOGY LEVEL INNOVATIONS

Wireless battery management system



Benefits:

- Increase reliability by removing harnesses and wiring
- Scalable and re-usable design
- Easier to mount, serve and repair
- Lighter
- Nodes communicate in wireless star network topology
 - Failure of one node does not cause failure of complete communication chain
 - High throughput, low latency, robust
 - Supports up to 100 nodes connected
 - Fulfill ASIL-D error failure rates in harsh RF environments
 - Communication encrypted
- Simpler HV/LV isolation concept
 - No need of galvanic isolation BCU/CSU

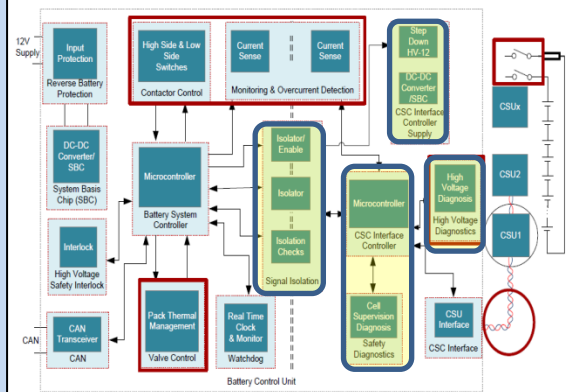
<https://www.ti.com/lit/ml/slv670/slv670.pdf>



SimpleLink™
Wireless MCU
CC2662R-Q1

- 7-mm-by-7-mm
 - 48-pin quad-flat no-lead (QFN) wettable flank (WF) packages
- US\$3.20 in 1,000-unit quantities**

Wired battery management system



TABBED CYLINDRICAL – 4680

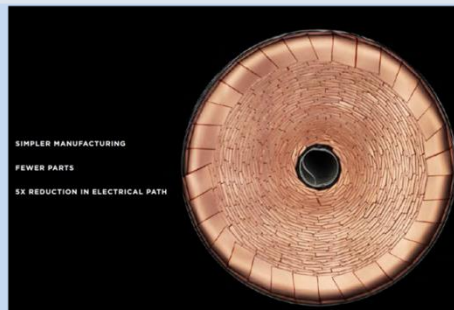
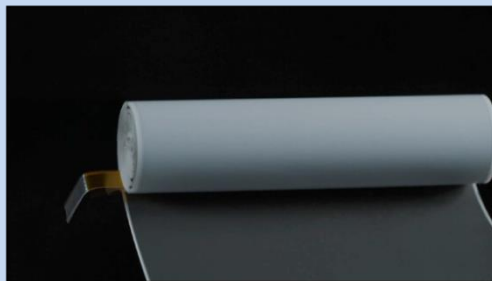
FEWER CELLS IN A PACK

BETTER HEAT TRANSFER ENABLES LARGER CELL WITHOUT OVERHEATING IN SUPERCHARGER

MANUFACTURING THROUGHPUT ??? IN kWh/HOUR; FEWER STOP-AND-START'S

OPTIMIZED CELL SIZE ~ 46 MM DIAMETER X 80 MM LENGTH PROVIDES 3.3X MORE VOLUME, BUT 5X THE ENERGY [EFFICIENCY?]

*CUTTING THE UNCOATED EDGES OF THE COPPER CURRENT COLLECTOR INTO "SHINGLES" => **MANUFACTURING ENGINEERING FEAT!***



BEFORE



AFTER



[HTTPS://TESLA-SHARE.THON.COM/CONTENT/?ID=96EA71CF-8FDA-4648-A62C-753AF436C3B6&PKEY=S1DBE14](https://tesla-share.thron.com/content/?id=96ea71cf-8fda-4648-a62c-753af436c3b6&pkey=S1DBE14)

| | |
|--|-------------------|
| Electrochemistry | Ionic Transport |
| Electronics / Modeling | Thermal Analysis |
| Physical Chemistry / Materials Science | Organic Chemistry |

Volta Foundation [Battery Bits]

<https://www.batterybrunch.org/battery-report> <https://medium.com/batterybits/the-battery-report-2021-442ed2a06324>

Materials Project <https://materialsproject.org/>

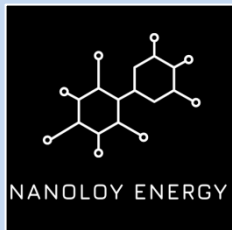
BatPaK <https://www.anl.gov/partnerships/batpac-battery-manufacturing-cost-estimation>

NAATBATT <https://naatbatt.org/>

The EV Battery industry and market is very dynamic.

- Trends include legacy auto OEMs scrambling to transfer manufacturing and operational assets from ICE to EV before 2035 and in most cases, before 2030.
- The supply chain for EV Batteries is tight - from Li and Ni mineral to EV grade cells. Auto OEMs must work with as many EV cell manufacturers as possible if there is a chance to fulfill reservations for 100k's of EV model orders - VW AG, Ford, GM, Tesla,
- Meanwhile, auto OEMs seek to control the EV Battery supply chain - manufacturing EV cells in-house and securing offtake agreements for minerals and other key cell components. Cell makers - esp., LGES and CATL - are also moving to secure materials and contracts with auto OEMs to prevent being cut out of the supply chain!
- And there is a rush to build new LIB gigafactories - accelerated by the trend for regionalizing the EV ecosystem and EV Battery manufacturing, with local supply chain development in Europe and North America.
- OK, add to this the unprecedented willingness of auto OEMs to disrupt existing processes - even switching battery design and chemistries to gain competitive advantages - and every passing month looks different.
- Of course, all legacy auto OEMs have sever cases of Tesla-Envy and there are many EV Battery examples as well as EV manufacturing and skateboard / EV drive system examples of this as copy-cat behavior - esp., by VW AG.

So, trends aplenty!



Thank You!

Ron Turi

ronturi@e3bv.com

+1 267.603.3286